

# **APPENDIX 'F'**

# **GEOTECHNICAL REPORT**



PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT • SERVICE DES TRAVAUX PUBLICS

Engineering Division • Division de l'ingénierie

## GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION

### STREET RECONSTRUCTION

Revised October 28<sup>th</sup>, 2008

#### **Fieldwork**

1. Clear all underground services at each testhole location.
2. Test holes required every **50** m with a minimum of **3** test holes per street.
3. Record location of testhole (offset from curb, distance from cross street and house number).
4. Drill 150 mm-diameter core in pavement.
5. Drill 125 mm-diameter testhole into fill materials and subgrade
6. **If a service trench backfilled with granular materials is encountered, another hole shall be drilled to define the existing sub-surface conditions.**
7. Testhole to be drilled to depth of 2 m ± 150 mm below surface of the pavement.
8. Recover pavement core sample and representative samples of soil (fill materials, pavement structure materials and subgrade).
9. Measure and record pavement section exposed in the testhole (thickness of concrete or asphalt and different types of pavement structure materials).
10. Pavement structure materials to be identified as crushed limestone or granular fill and the maximum aggregate size of the material (20 mm, 50 mm or 150 mm).
11. Log soil profile for the subgrade.
12. Representative samples of soil must be obtained at the following depths below the bottom of the pavement structure materials - 0.1 m, 0.4 m, 0.7 m, 1.0 m, 1.3 m, 1.6 m, etc. Ensure a sample is obtained from each soil type encountered in the testhole.
13. Make note of any water seepage into the testhole.
14. Backfill testhole with native materials and additional granular fill, if required. Patch pavement surface with hot mix asphalt or high strength durable concrete mix.
15. Return core sample from the pavement and soil samples to the laboratory.

#### **Lab Work**

1. Test all soil samples for moisture content.
2. Photograph core samples recovered from the pavement surface.
3. Conduct tests for plasticity index and hydrometer analysis on selected soil samples **which are between 0.5 m and 1 m below top of pavement (this is the sub-grade on which the pavement and sub-base will be built)**. The selection will be based upon visual classification and moisture content test results, with a minimum of one sample of each soil type per street to be tested.
4. Prepare testhole logs and classify subgrade (based on hydrometer) as follows;

< 30% silt -	classify as clay
30% - 50% silt -	classify as silty clay
50% - 70% silt -	classify as clayey silt
> 70% silt -	classify as silt

Prepared by: The National Testing Laboratories Limited and Eng-Tech Consulting

*Embrace the spirit • Vivez l'esprit*

**AECOM Canada Ltd.**

**GENERAL STATEMENT**

**NORMAL VARIABILITY OF SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS**

The scope of the investigation presented herein is limited to an investigation of the subsurface conditions as to suitability for the proposed project. This report has been prepared to aid in the evaluation of the site and to assist the engineer in the design of the facilities. Our description of the project represents our understanding of the significant aspects of the project relevant to the design and construction of earth work, foundations and similar. In the event of any changes in the basic design or location of the structures as outlined in this report or plan, we should be given the opportunity to review the changes and to modify or reaffirm in writing the conclusions and recommendations of this report.

The analysis and recommendations presented in this report are based on the data obtained from the borings and test pit excavations made at the locations indicated on the site plans and from other information discussed herein. This report is based on the assumption that the subsurface conditions everywhere are not significantly different from those disclosed by the borings and excavations. However, variations in soil conditions may exist between the excavations and, also, general groundwater levels and conditions may fluctuate from time to time. The nature and extent of the variations may not become evident until construction. If subsurface conditions differ from those encountered in the exploratory borings and excavations, are observed or encountered during construction, or appear to be present beneath or beyond excavations, we should be advised at once so that we can observe and review these conditions and reconsider our recommendations where necessary.

Since it is possible for conditions to vary from those assumed in the analysis and upon which our conclusions and recommendations are based, a contingency fund should be included in the construction budget to allow for the possibility of variations which may result in modification of the design and construction procedures.

In order to observe compliance with the design concepts, specifications or recommendations and to allow design changes in the event that subsurface conditions differ from those anticipated, we recommend that all construction operations dealing with earth work and the foundations be observed by an experienced soils engineer. We can be retained to provide these services for you during construction. In addition, we can be retained to review the plans and specifications that have been prepared to check for substantial conformance with the conclusions and recommendations contained in our report.

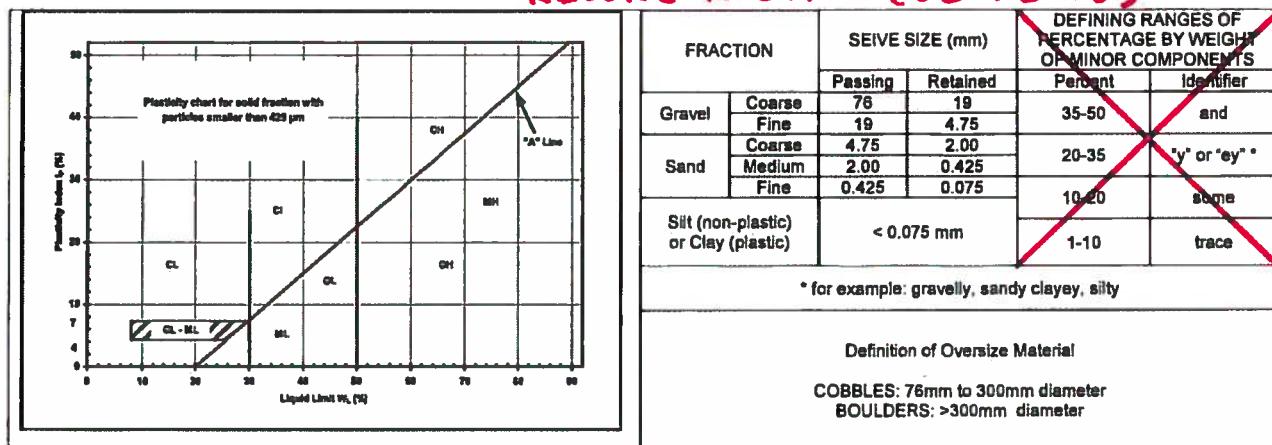
## EXPLANATION OF FIELD & LABORATORY TEST DATA

Description				UMA Log Symbols	USCS Classification	Laboratory Classification Criteria				Notes
						Fines (%)	Grading	Plasticity		
COARSE GRAINED SOILS	GRAVELS (More than 50% of coarse fraction of gravel size)	CLEAN GRAVELS (Little or no fines)	Well graded gravels, sandy gravels, with little or no fines		GW	0-5	$C_u > 4$ $1 < C_c < 3$		Dual symbols if 5-12% fines. Dual symbols if above "A" line and $4 < W_p < 7$	
		Poorly graded gravels, sandy gravels, with little or no fines			GP	0-5	Not satisfying GW requirements			
		DIRTY GRAVELS (With some fines)	Silty gravels, silty sandy gravels		GM	> 12				
		Clayey gravels, clayey sandy gravels			GC	> 12				
	SANDS (More than 50% of coarse fraction of sand size)	CLEAN SANDS (Little or no fines)	Well graded sands, gravelly sands, with little or no fines		SW	0-5	$C_u > 6$ $1 < C_c < 3$		$C_u = \frac{D_{60}}{D_{10}}$ $C_c = \frac{(D_{30})^2}{D_{10} \times D_{60}}$	
		Poorly graded sands, gravelly sands, with little or no fines			SP	0-5	Not satisfying SW requirements			
		DIRTY SANDS (With some fines)	Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures		SM	> 12				
		Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures			SC	> 12				
FINE GRAINED SOILS	SILTS (Below 'A' line negligible organic content)	$W_L < 50$	Inorganic silts, silty or clayey fine sands, with slight plasticity		ML				Classification is Based upon Plasticity Chart	
		$W_L > 50$	Inorganic silts of high plasticity		MH					
	CLAYS (Above 'A' line negligible organic content)	$W_L < 30$	Inorganic clays, silty clays, sandy clays of low plasticity, lean clays		CL					
		$30 < W_L < 50$	Inorganic clays and silty clays of medium plasticity		CI					
		$W_L > 50$	Inorganic clays of high plasticity, fat clays		CH					
	ORGANIC SILTS & CLAYS (Below 'A' line)	$W_L < 50$	Organic silts and organic silty clays of low plasticity		OL					
		$W_L > 50$	Organic clays of high plasticity		OH					
HIGHLY ORGANIC SOILS			Peat and other highly organic soils		PI		Von Post Classification Limit	Strong colour or odour, and often fibrous texture		
	Asphalt		TII							
	Concrete		Bedrock (Undifferentiated)							
	Fill		Bedrock (Limestone)							

When the above classification terms are used in this report or test hole logs, the designated fractions may be visually estimated and not measured.

*Not used to classify subgrade. Reference to city of Winnipeg Specs for Geotechnical Investigation street reconstruction (Oct. 2008).*

**NOT USED TO CLASSIFY SUBGRADE. REFER  
TO CITY OF WINNIPEG SPECS FOR  
GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION STREET  
RECONSTRUCTION (OCT. 2008)**



#### LEGEND OF SYMBOLS

Laboratory and field tests are identified as follows:

- $q_u$  - undrained shear strength (kPa) derived from unconfined compression testing.
- $T_v$  - undrained shear strength (kPa) measured using a torvane
- $pp$  - undrained shear strength (kPa) measured using a pocket penetrometer.
- $L_v$  - undrained shear strength (kPa) measured using a lab vane.
- $F_v$  - undrained shear strength (kPa) measured using a field vane.
- $\gamma$  - bulk unit weight ( $kN/m^3$ ).
- SPT - Standard Penetration Test. Recorded as number of blows (N) from a 63.5 kg hammer dropped 0.76 m (free fall) which is required to drive a 51 mm O.D. Raymond type sampler 0.30 m into the soil.
- DPPT - Drive Point Pentrometer Test. Recorded as number of blows from a 63.5 kg hammer dropped 0.76 m (free fall) which is required to drive a 50 mm drive point 0.30 m into the soil.
- w - moisture content ( $W_L$ ,  $W_P$ )

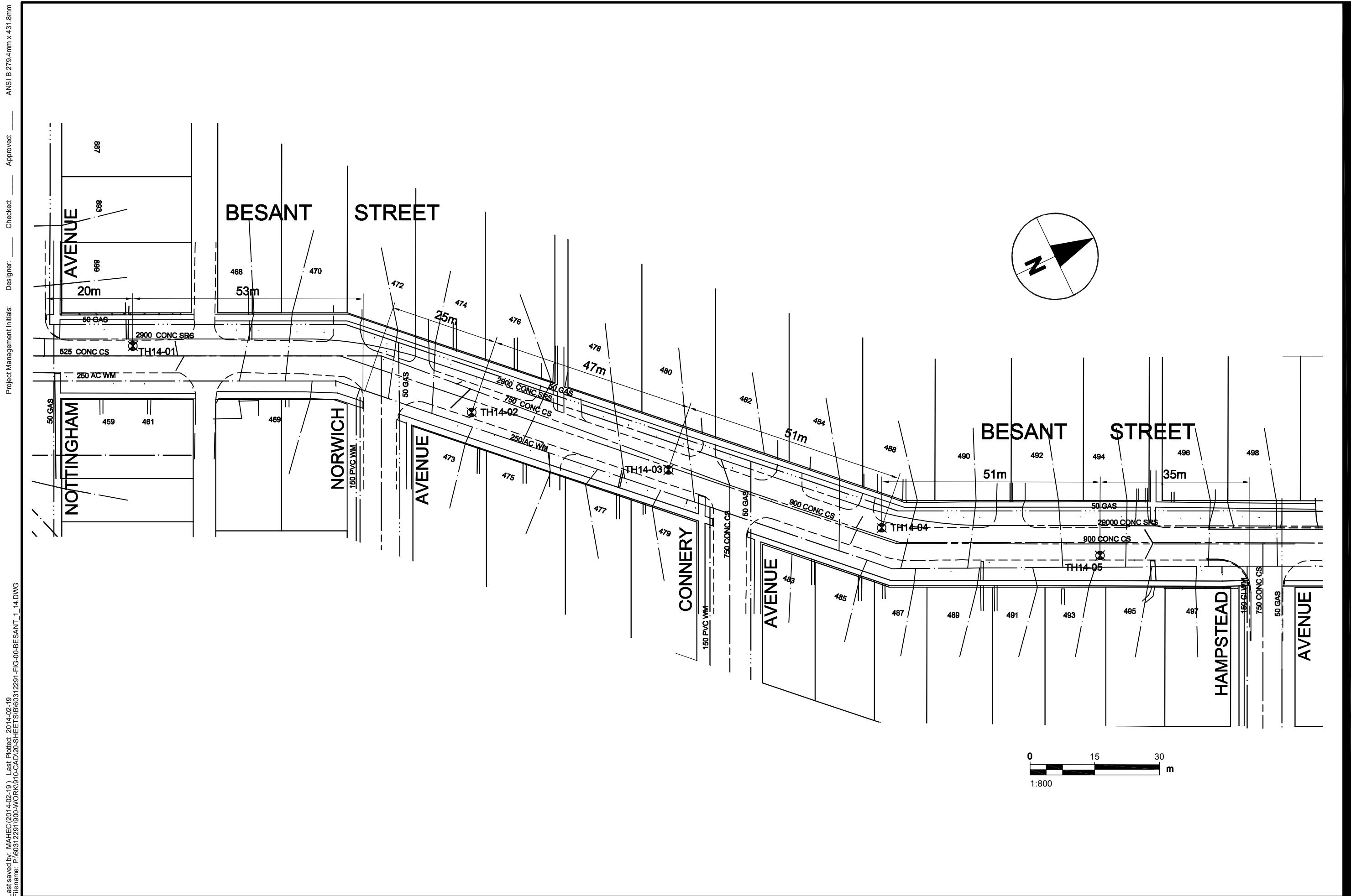
The undrained shear strength ( $S_u$ ) of a cohesive soil can be related to its consistency as follows:

$S_u$ (kPa)	CONSISTENCY
<12	very soft
12 - 25	soft
25 - 50	medium or firm
50 - 100	stiff
100 - 200	very stiff
200	hard

The resistance (N) of a non-cohesive soil can be related to compactness condition as follows

N - BLOWS/0.30 m	COMPACTNESS
0 - 4	very loose
4 - 10	loose
10 - 30	compact
30 - 50	dense
50	very dense

Figure 01: Test Holes Location Plan





**Photograph 1. Besant Street – TH14-01**



**Photograph 2. Besant Street – TH14-02**



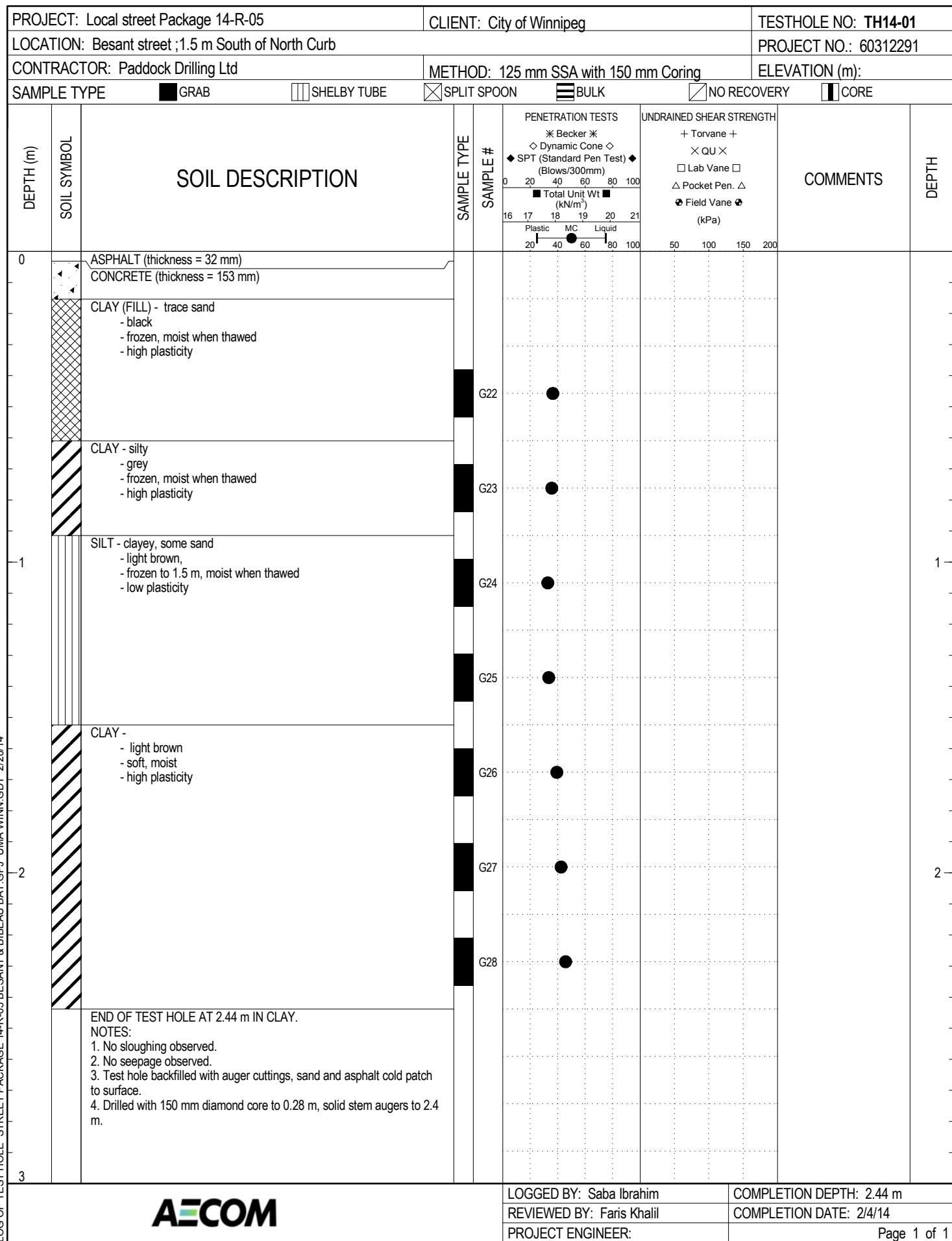
**Photograph 3. Besant Street – TH14-03**



**Photograph 4. Besant Street – TH14-04**



**Photograph 5. Besant Street – TH14-05**



LOGGED BY: Saba Ibrahim

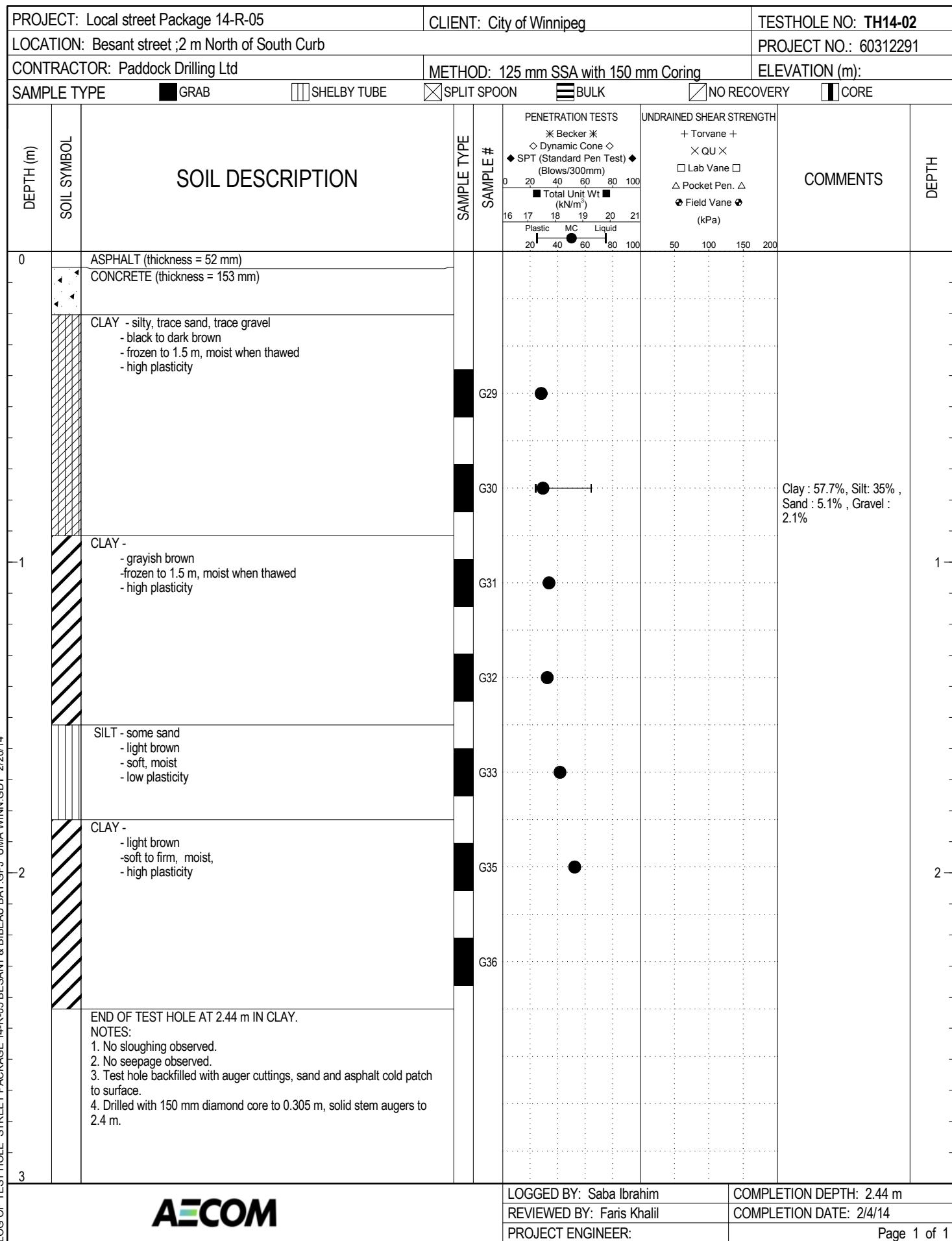
COMPLETION DEPTH: 2.44 m

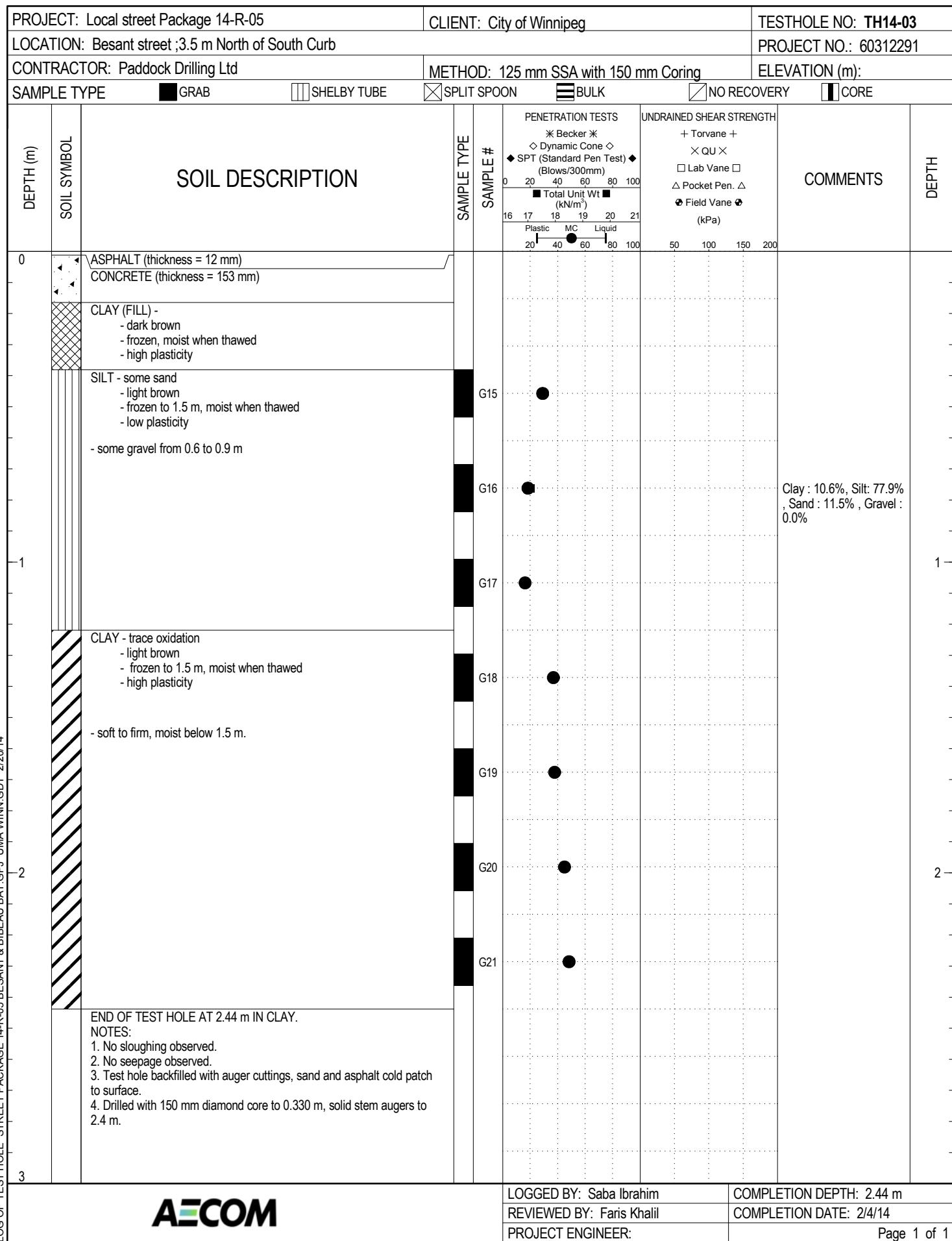
REVIEWED BY: Faris Khalil

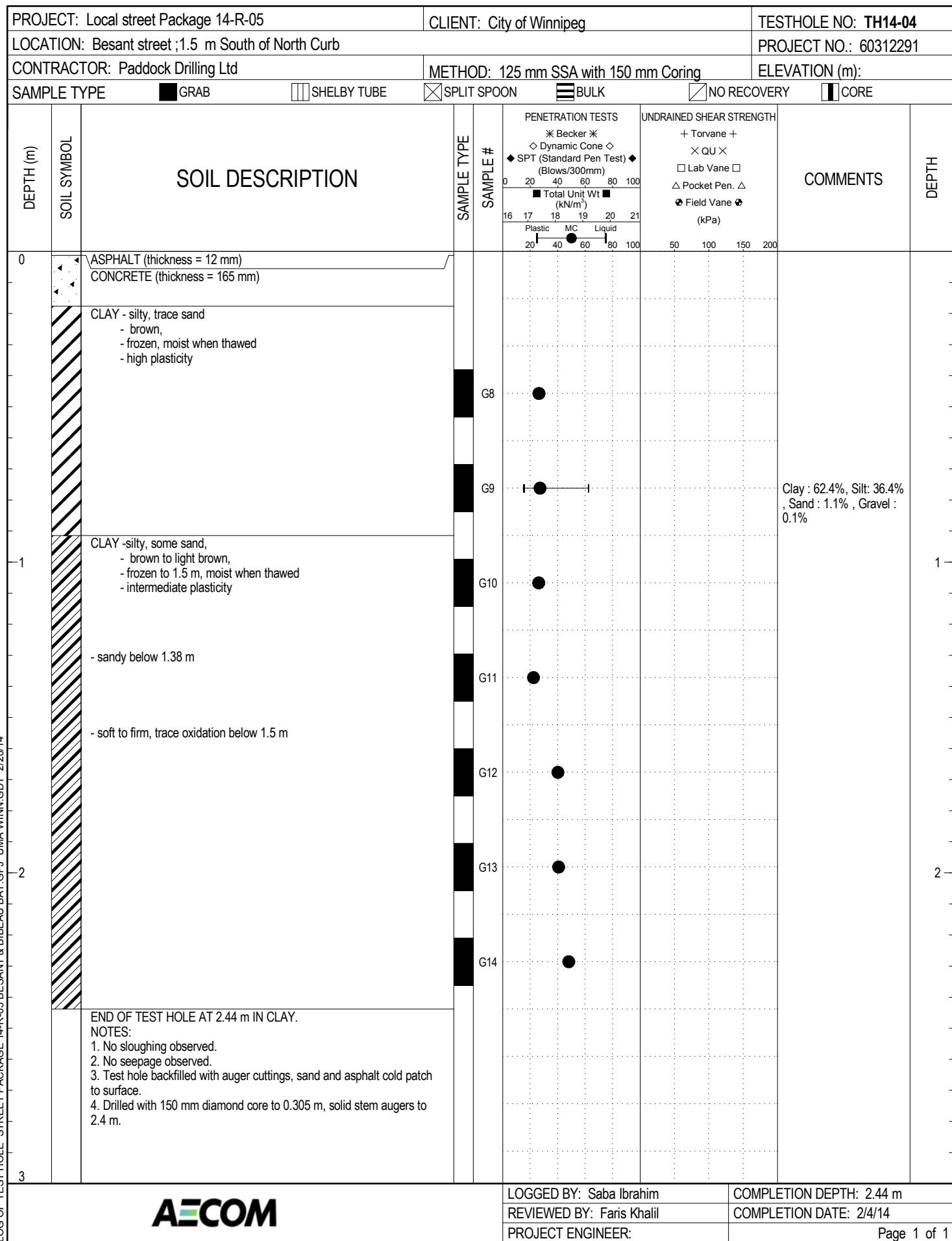
COMPLETION DATE: 2/4/14

PROJECT ENGINEER:

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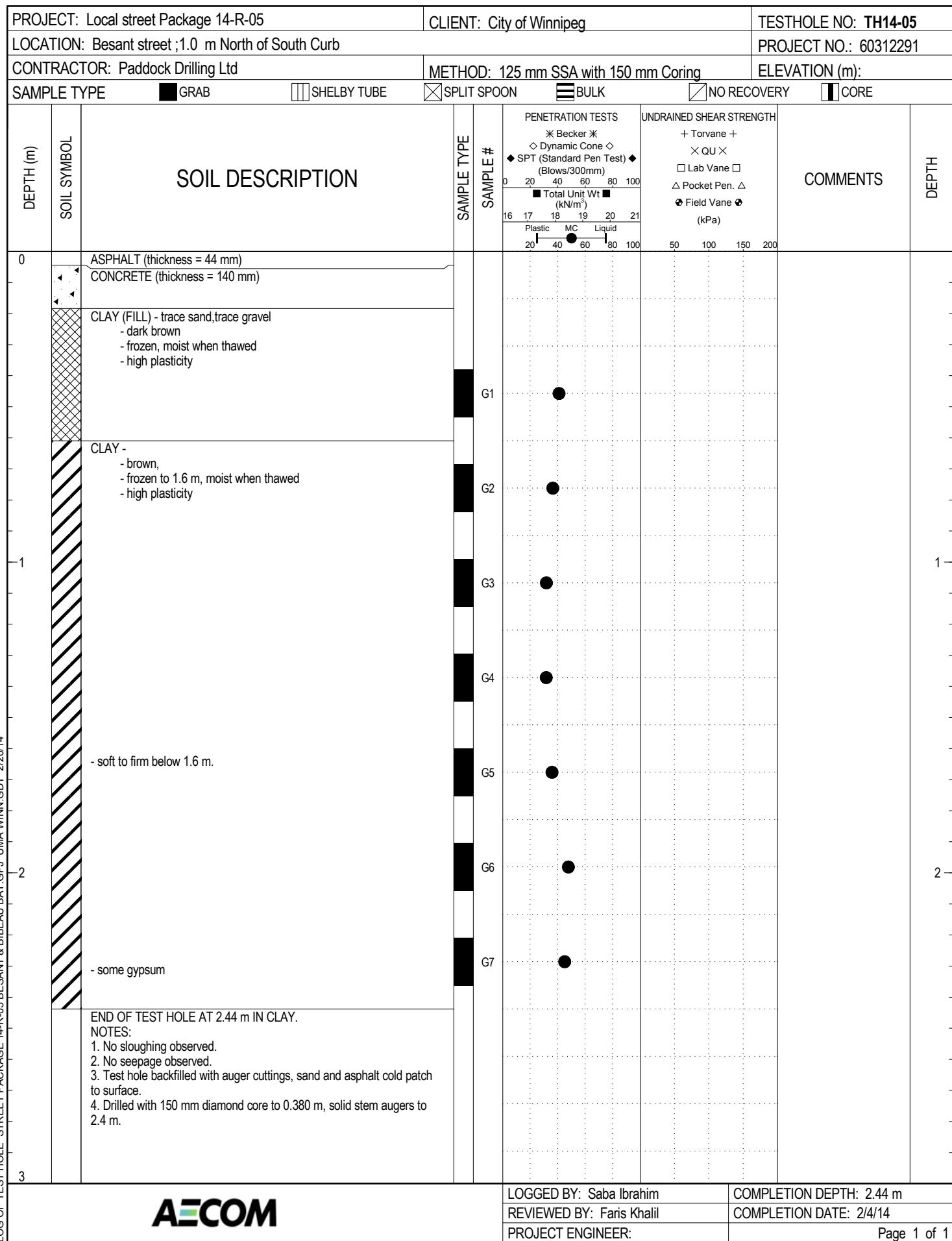
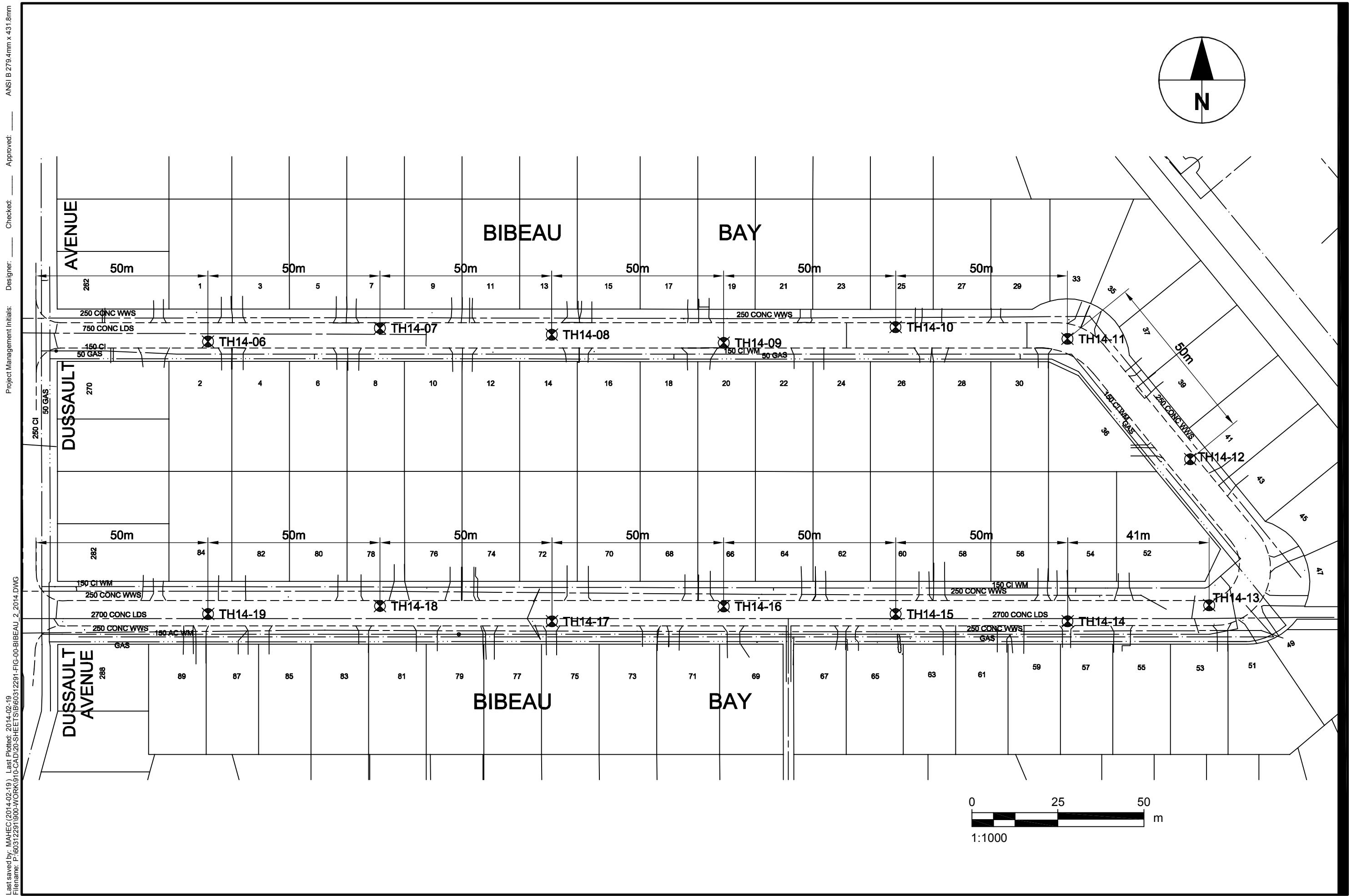


Table 01- Summary of Laboratory Soil Testing

Test Hole No.	Testhole Location	Pavement Surface		Pavement Structure Material		Subgrade Description	Sample Depth (m)	Moisture Content (%)	Hydrometer Analysis				Atterberg Limits				
		Type	Thickness (mm)	Type	Thickness (mm)				Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index		
TH14-01	Besant street ;1.5 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	32	None	n/a	Clay Fill	0.46	36.4									
						Silty Clay	0.76	35.6									
		Concrete	153			Clayey Silt	1.06	32.7									
						Clayey Silt	1.37	33.4									
						Clay	1.67	39.3									
						Clay	1.98	42.4									
						Clay	2.28	45.7									
TH14-02	Besant street ;2 m North of South Curb	Asphalt	52	None	n/a	Silty Clay	0.46	36.4									
						Silty Clay	0.76	35.6	2.1	5.1	35	57.7	64.3	23.7	40.6		
		Concrete	153			Clay	1.06	32.7									
						Clay	1.37	33.4									
						Silt	1.67	39.3									
						Clay	1.98	42.4									
						Clay	2.28	45.7									
TH14-03	Besant street ;3.5 m North of South Curb	Asphalt	12	None	n/a	Silt	0.46	29.0									
						Silt	0.76	18.3	0.0	11.5	77.9	10.6	22.5	15.4	7.2		
		Concrete	153			Silt	1.06	16.2									
						Clay	1.37	36.8									
						Clay	1.67	37.7									
						Clay	1.98	44.9									
						Clay	2.28	48.2									
TH14-04	Besant street ;1.5 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	12	None	n/a	Silty Clay	0.46	26.3									
						Silty Clay	0.76	27.1	0.1	1.1	36.4	62.4	62.5	15.4	47.1		
		Concrete	165			Silty Clay	1.06	26.1									
						Silty Clay	1.37	22.3									
						Silty Clay	1.67	40.1									
						Silty Clay	1.98	40.6									
						Silty Clay	2.28	48.0									
TH14-05	Besant street ;1.0 m North of South Curb	Asphalt	44	None	n/a	Clay Fill	0.46	40.9									
						Clay	0.76	36.4									
		Concrete	140			Clay	1.06	31.7									
						Clay	1.37	31.6									
						Clay	1.67	35.8									
						Clay	1.98	47.7									
						Clay	2.28	45.0									

Figure 02: Test Holes Location Plan

2014 Local Streets Package  
Bibeau Bay  
City of Winnipeg  
60312291



**Photograph 1. Bibeau Bay – TH14-06**



**Photograph 2. Bibeau Bay – TH14-07**



Photograph 3. Bibeau Bay – TH14-08



Photograph 4. Bibeau Bay – TH14-09



Photograph 5. Bibeau Bay – TH14-10



Photograph 6. Bibeau Bay – TH14-11



Photograph 7. Bibeau Bay – TH14-12



Photograph 8. Bibeau Bay – TH14-13



**Photograph 9. Bibeau Bay – TH14-14**



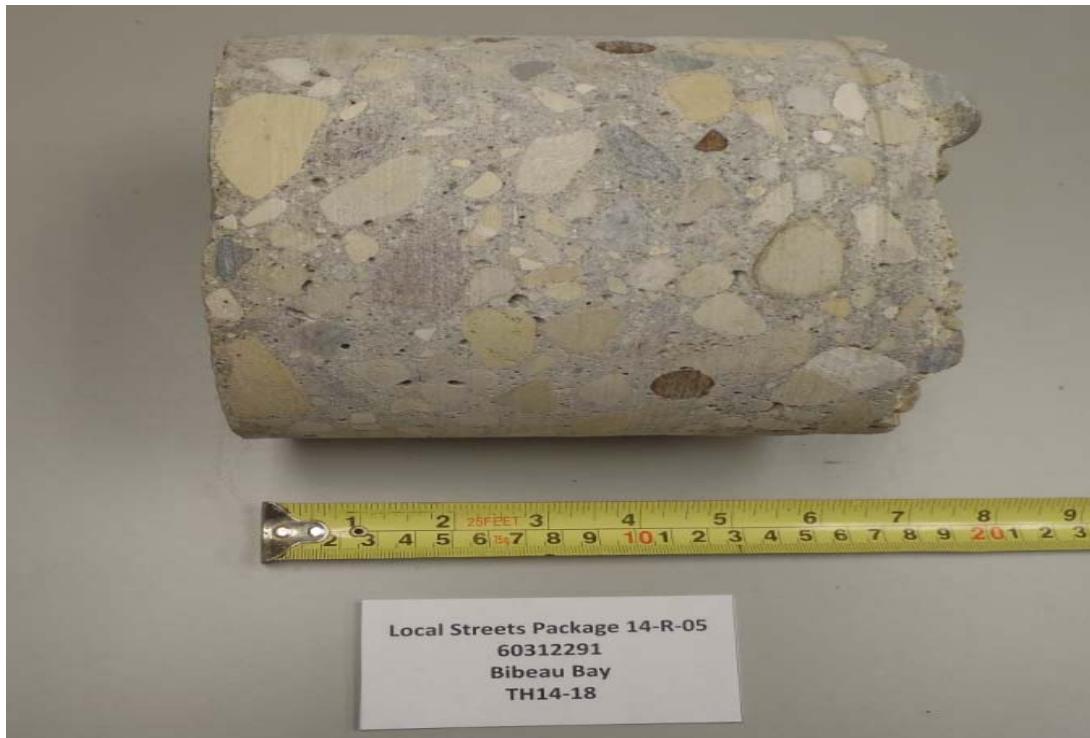
**Photograph 10. Bibeau Bay – TH14-15**



**Photograph 11. Bibeau Bay – TH14-16**



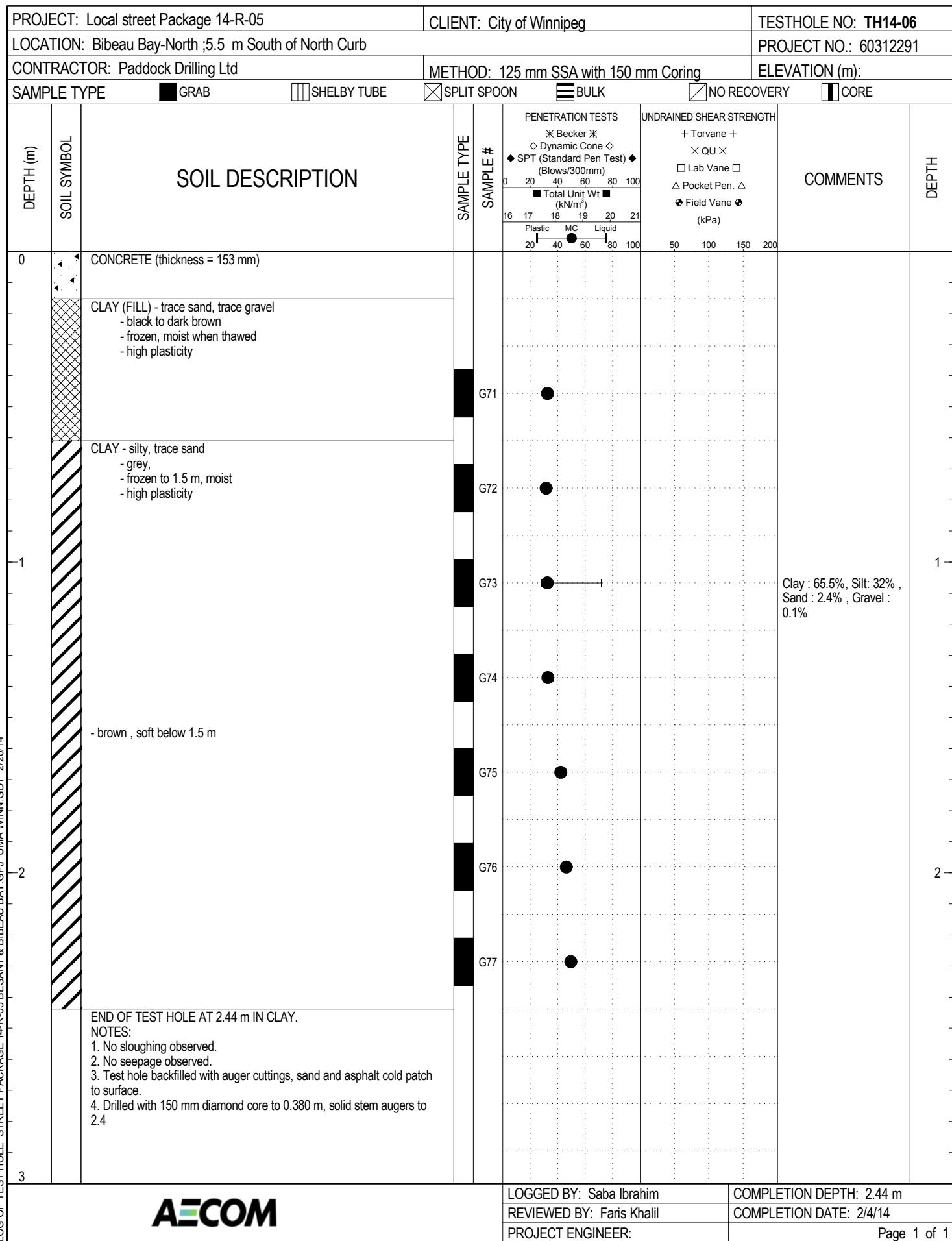
**Photograph 12. Bibeau Bay – TH14-17**

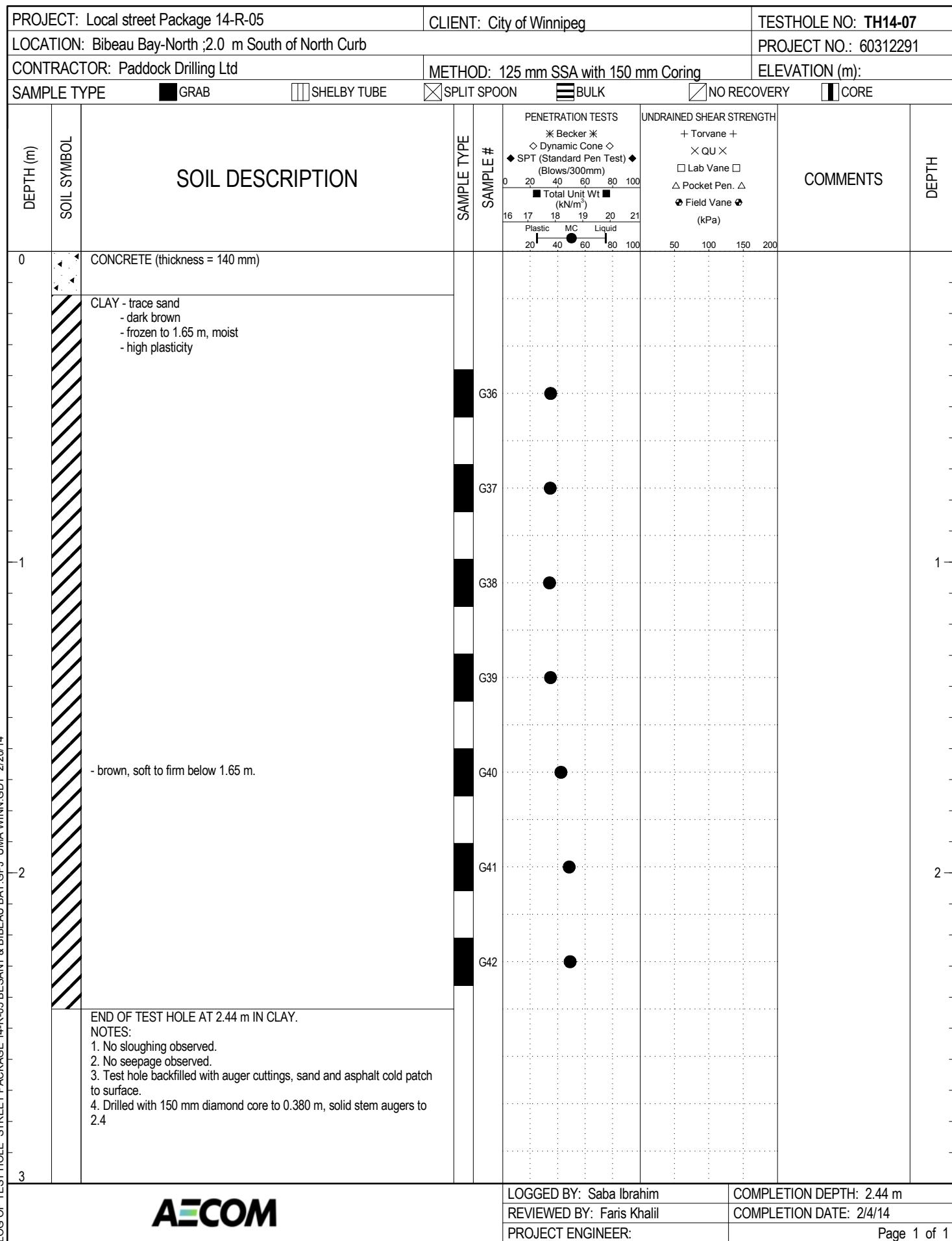


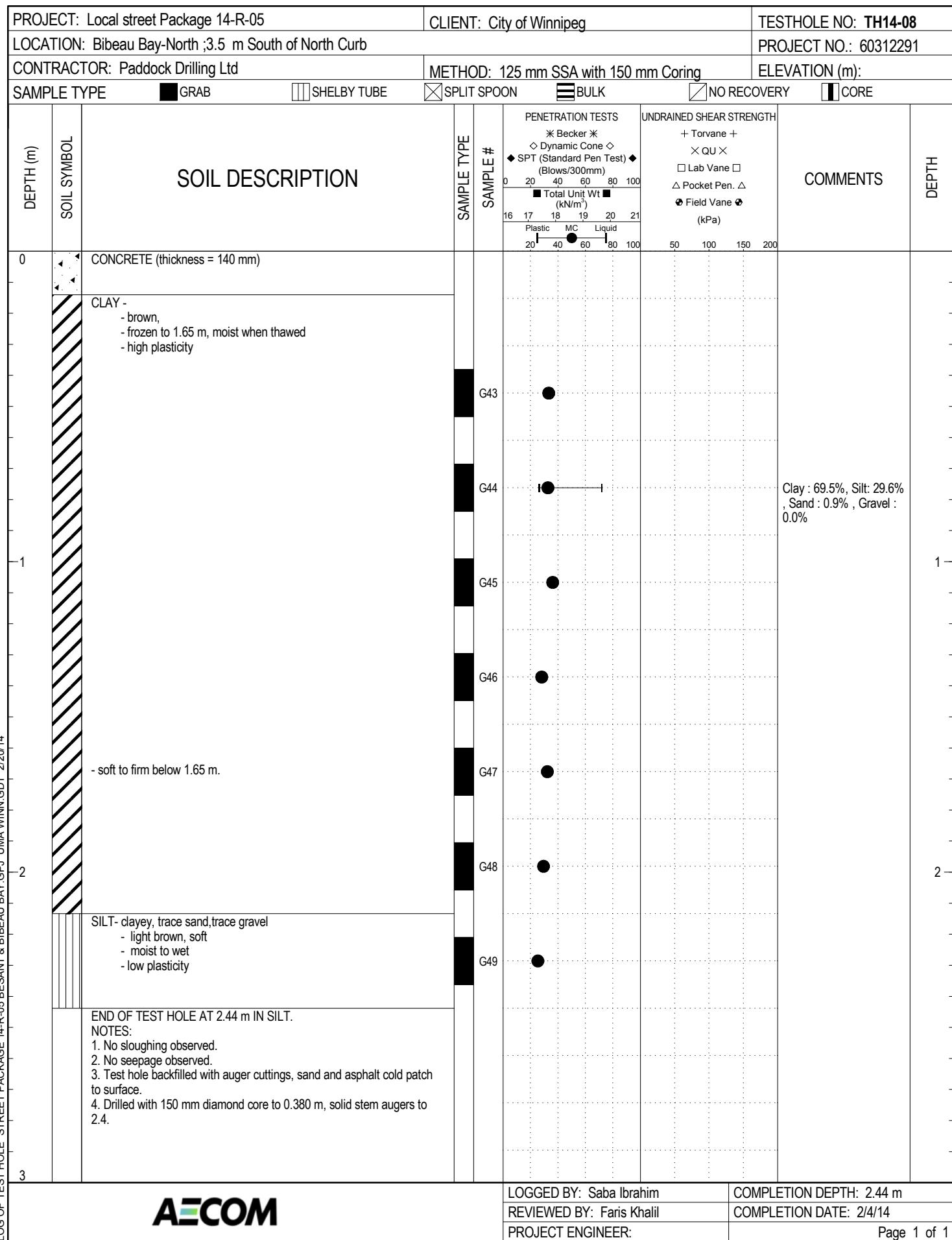
Photograph 13. Bibeau Bay – TH14-18

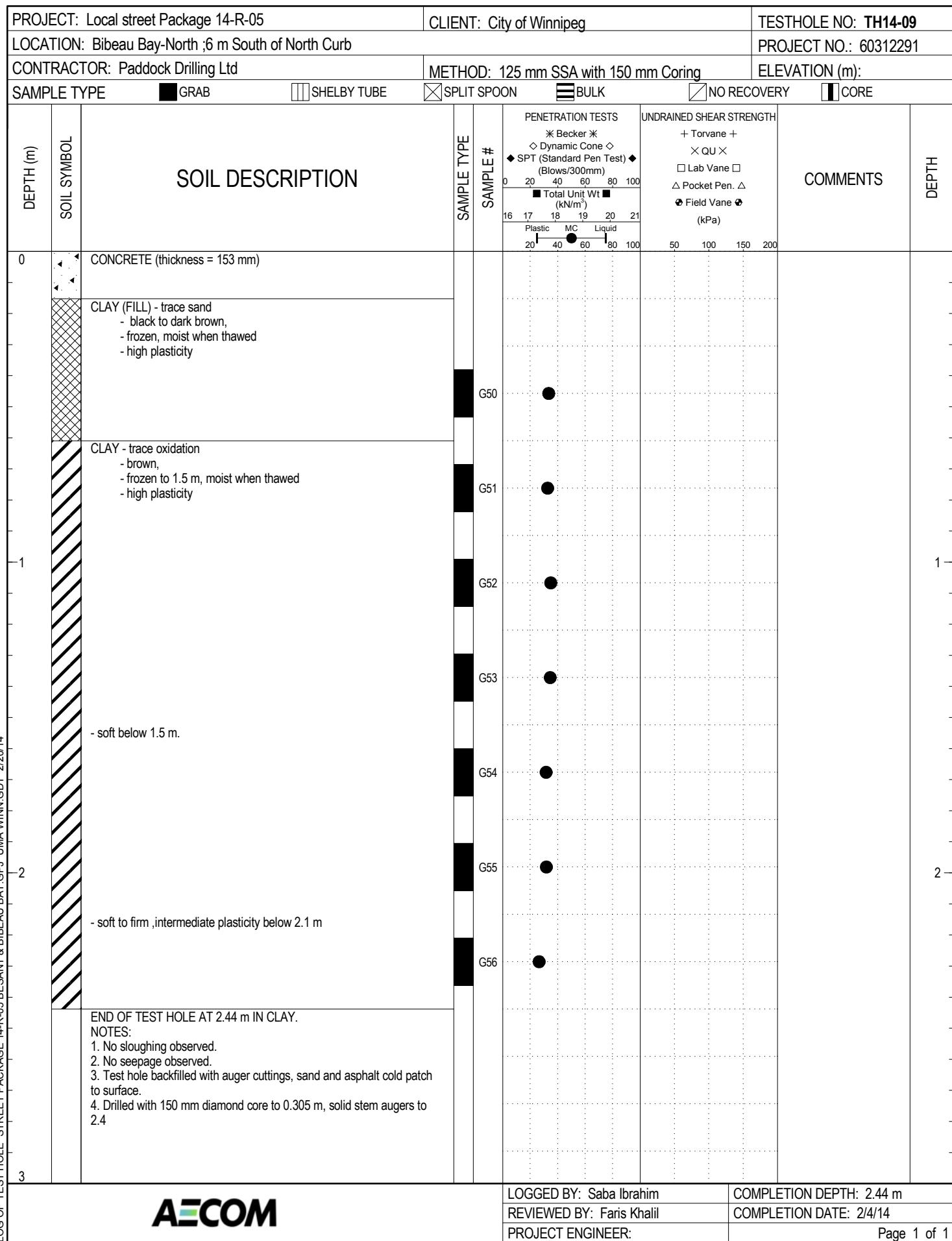


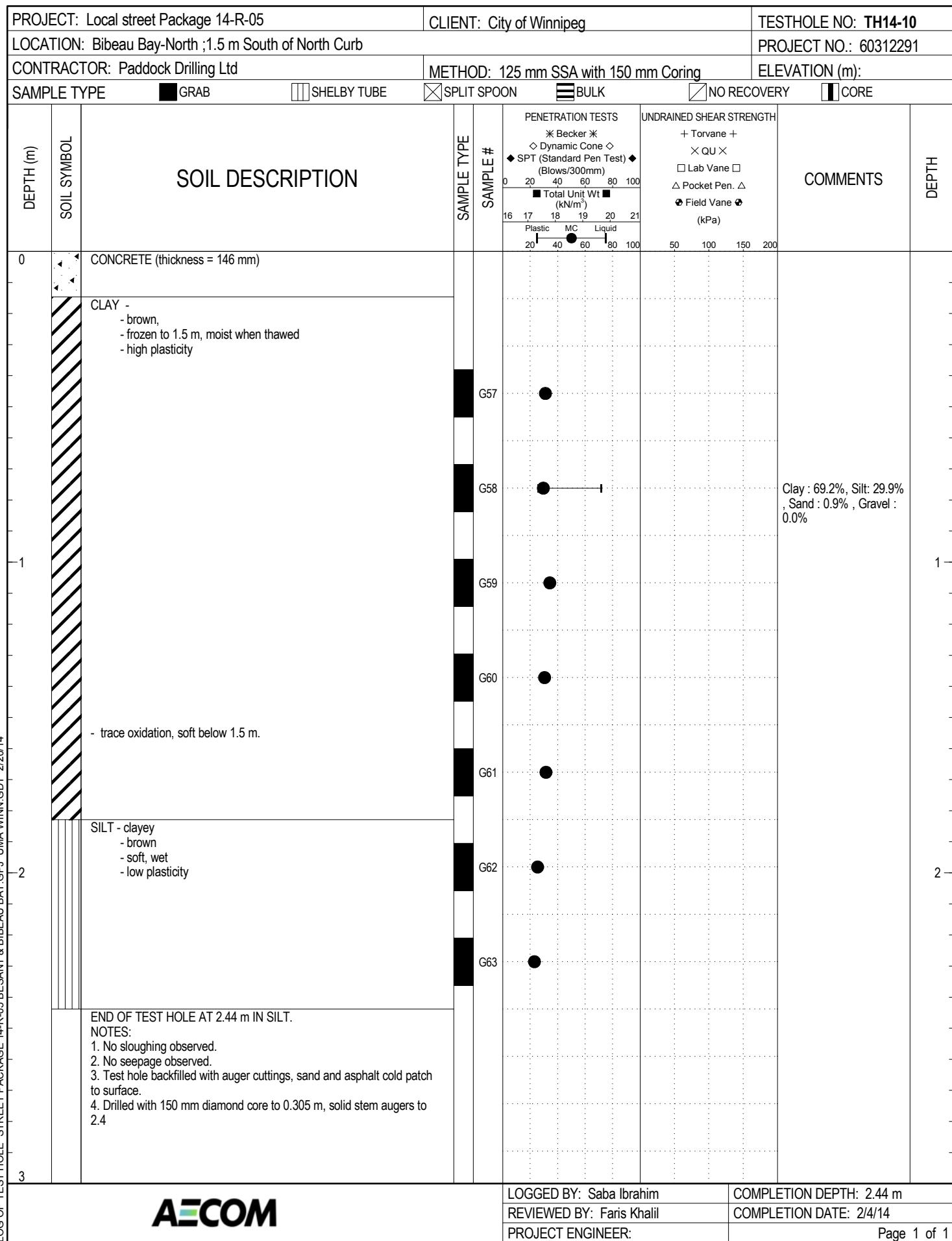
Photograph 14. Bibeau Bay – TH14-19

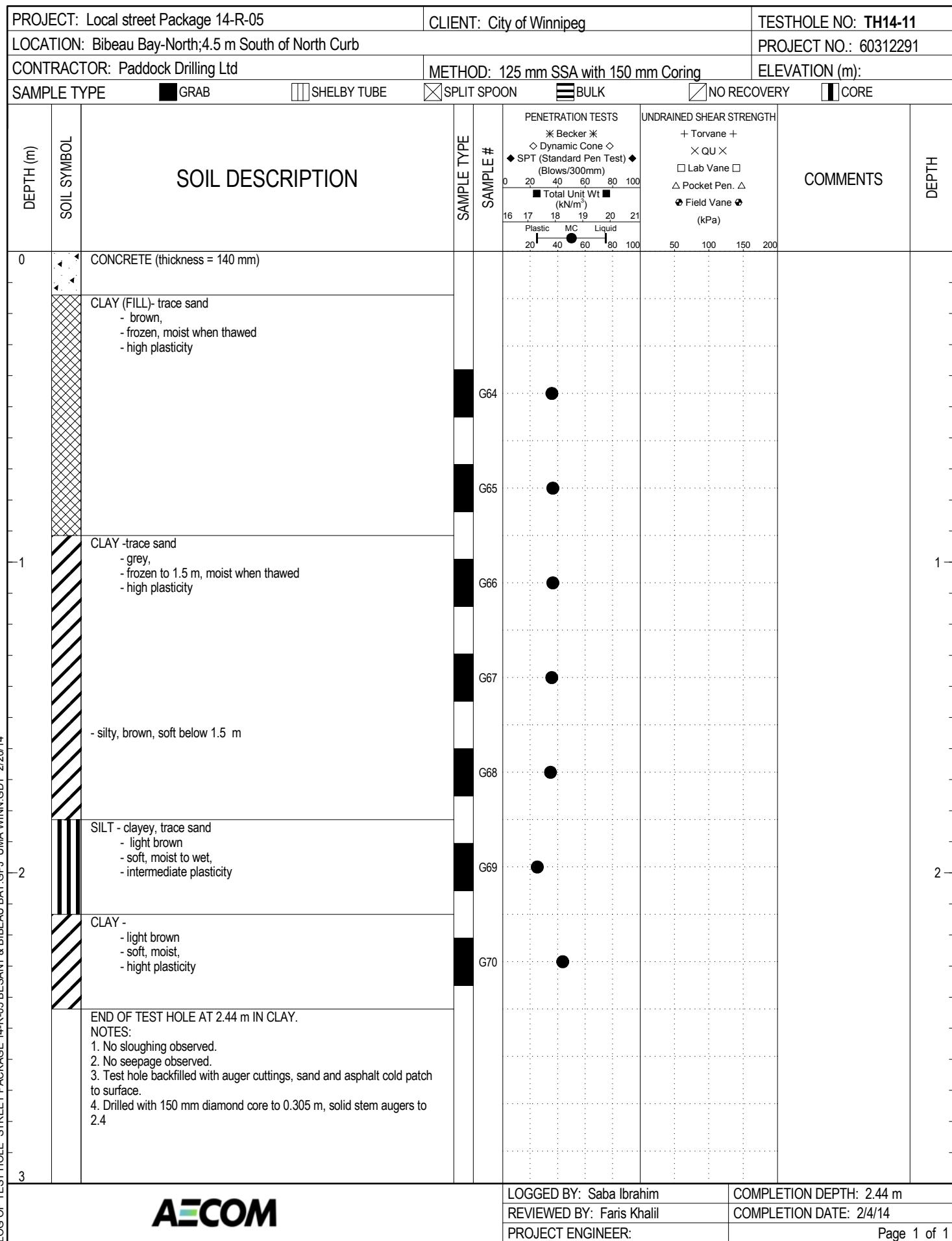


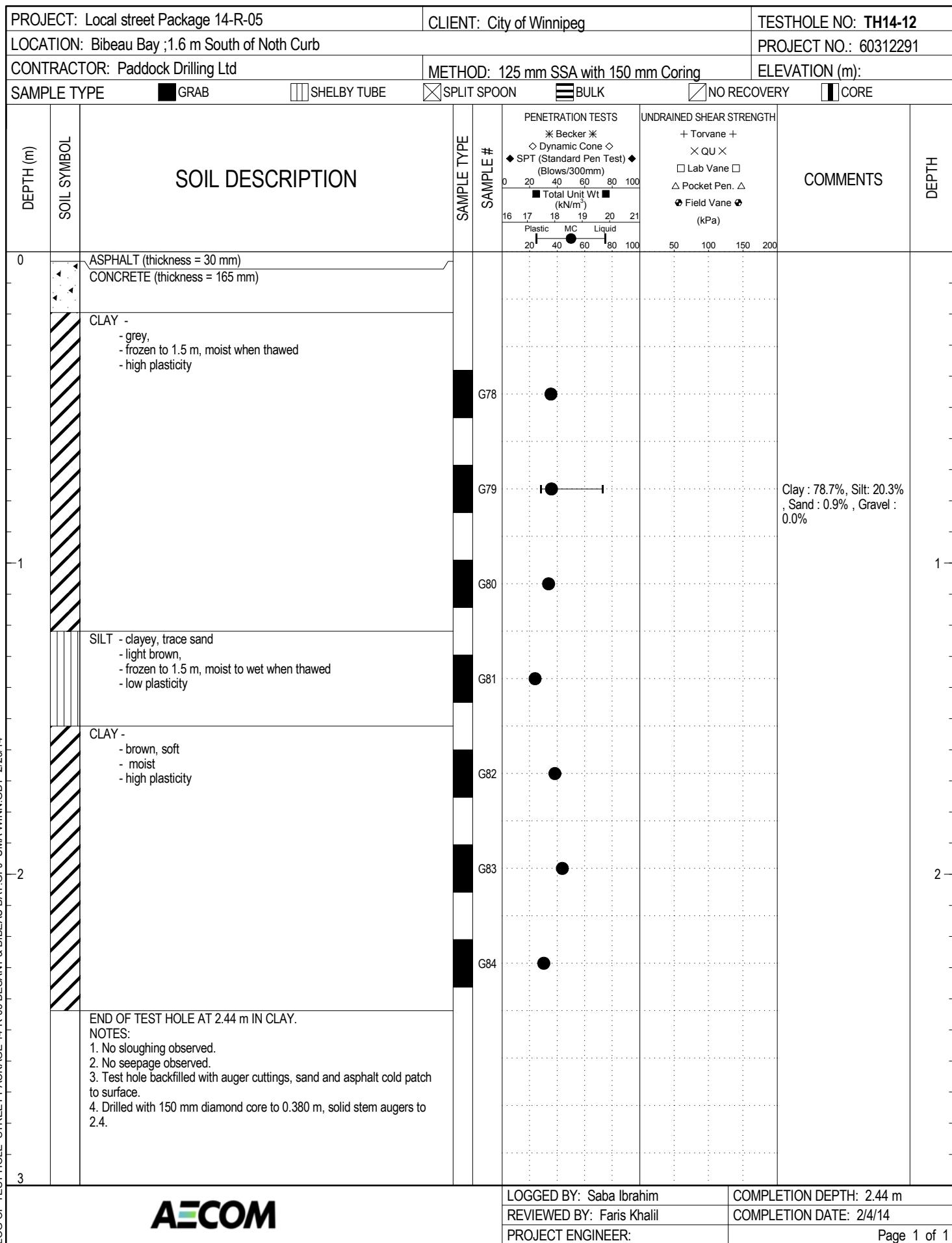


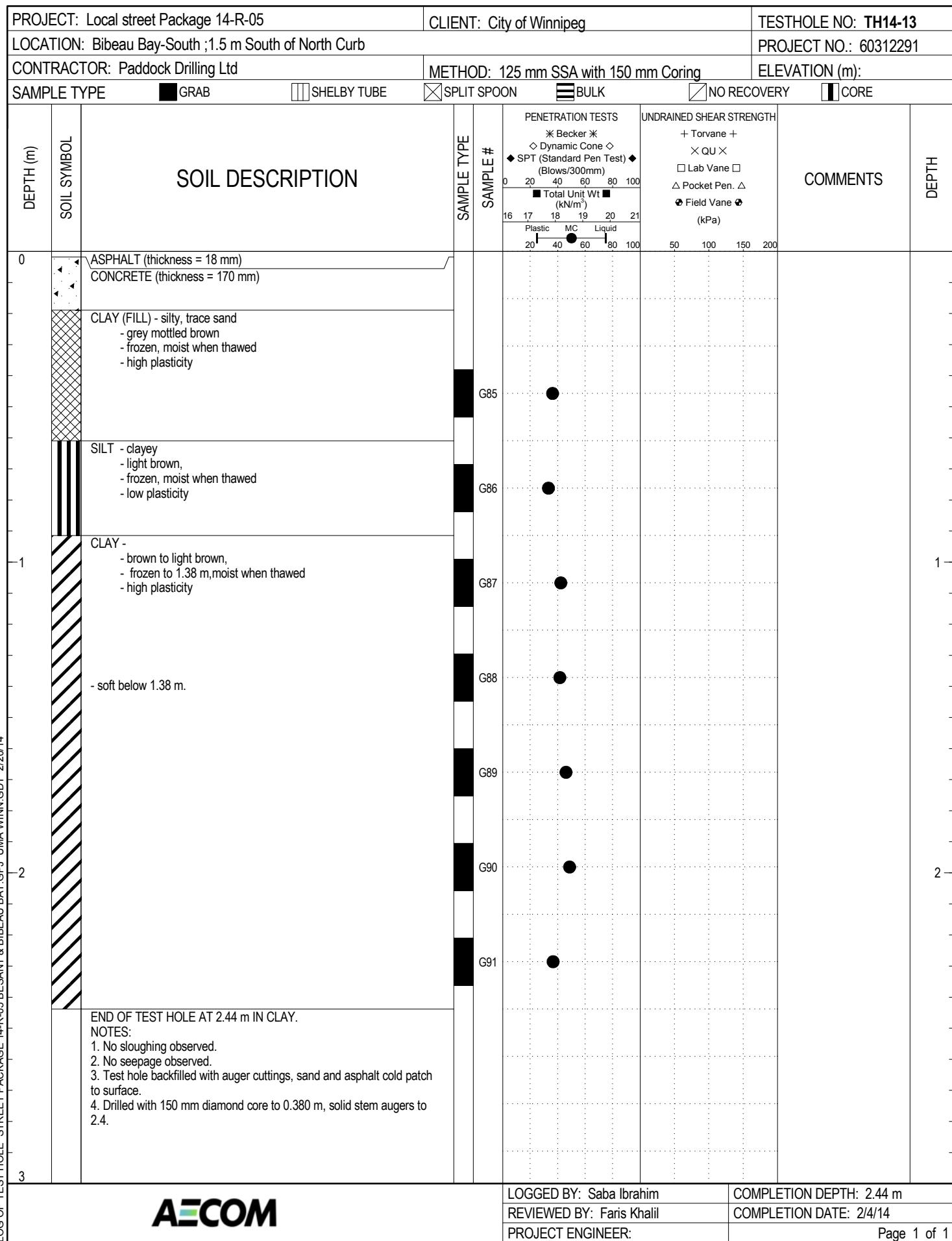


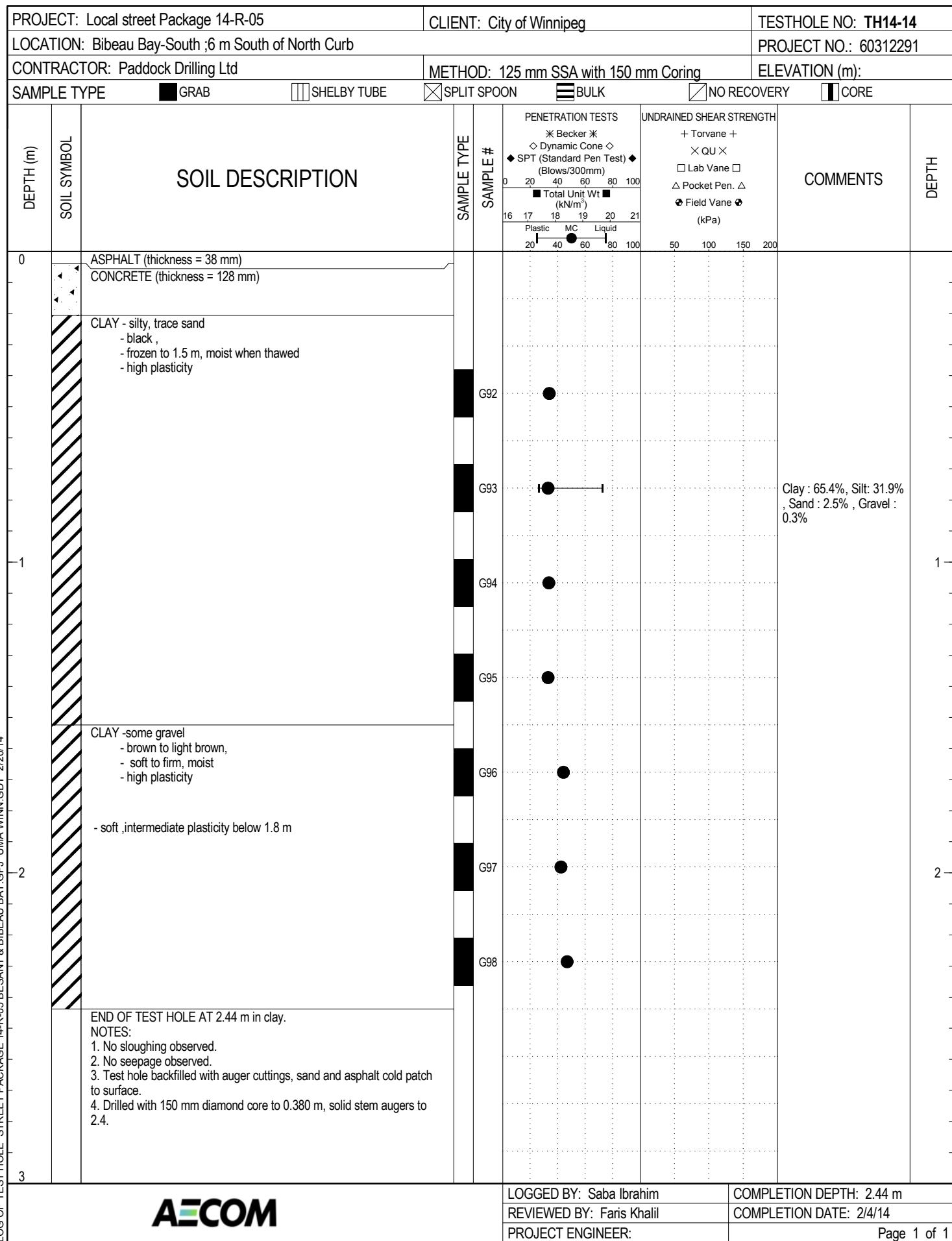


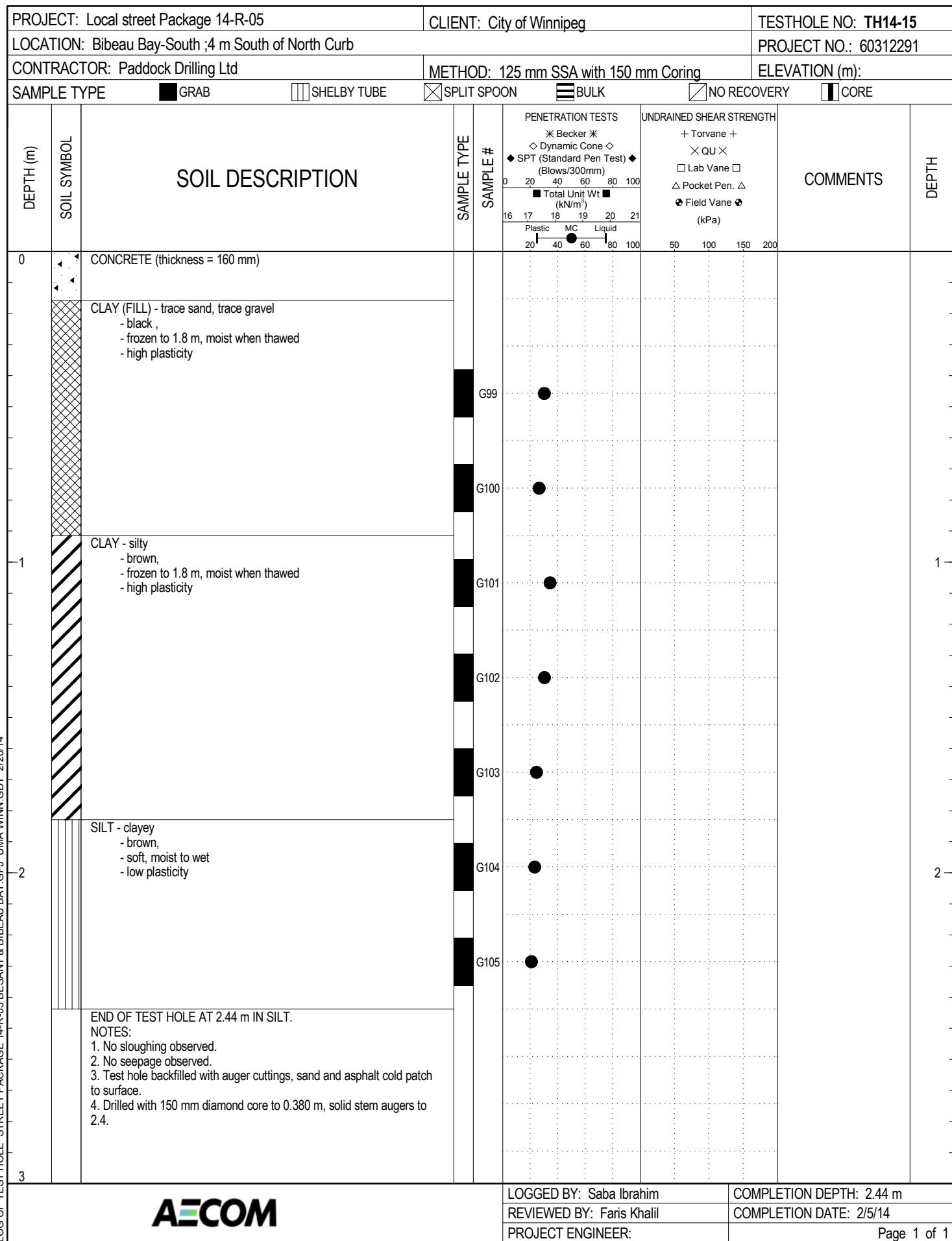


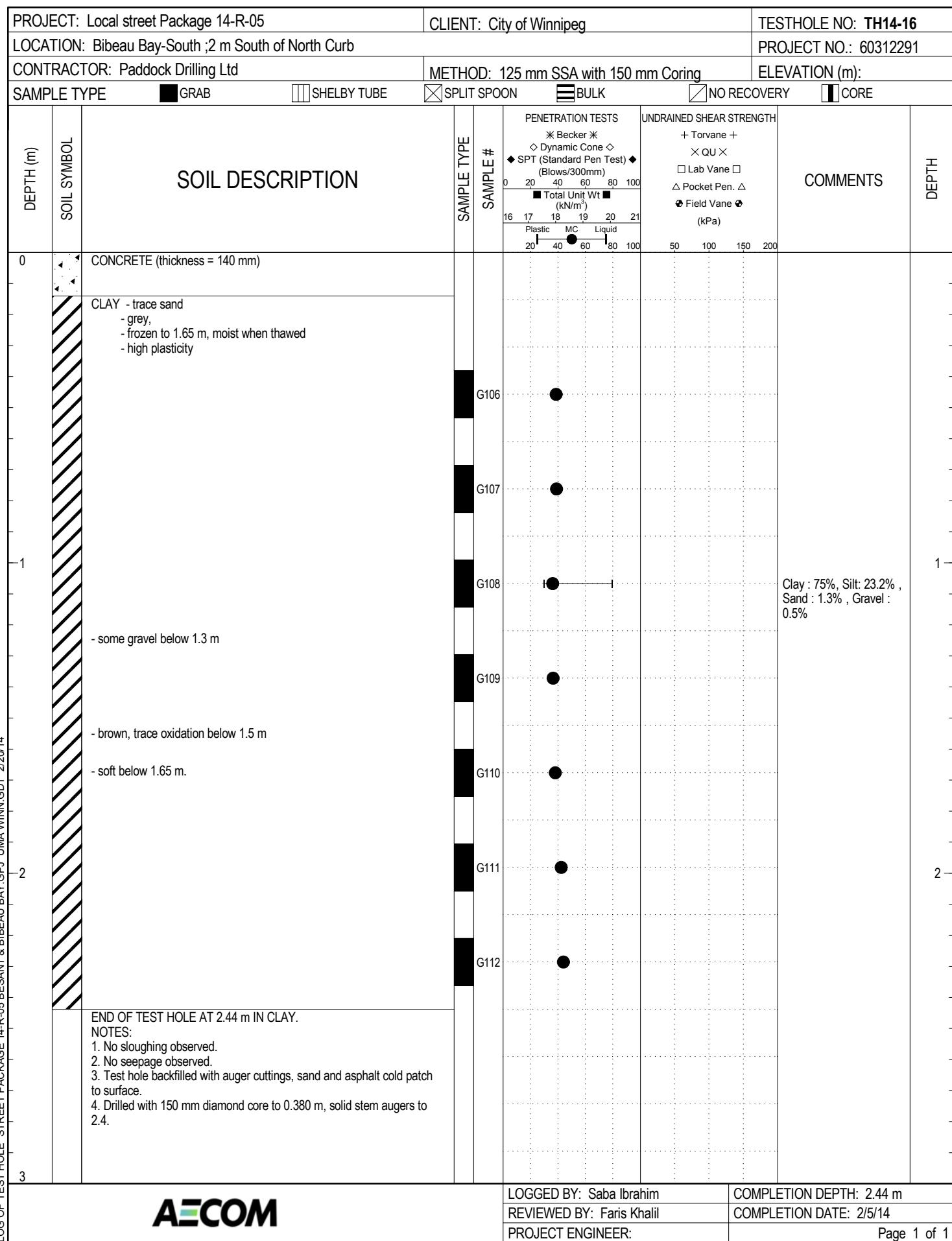


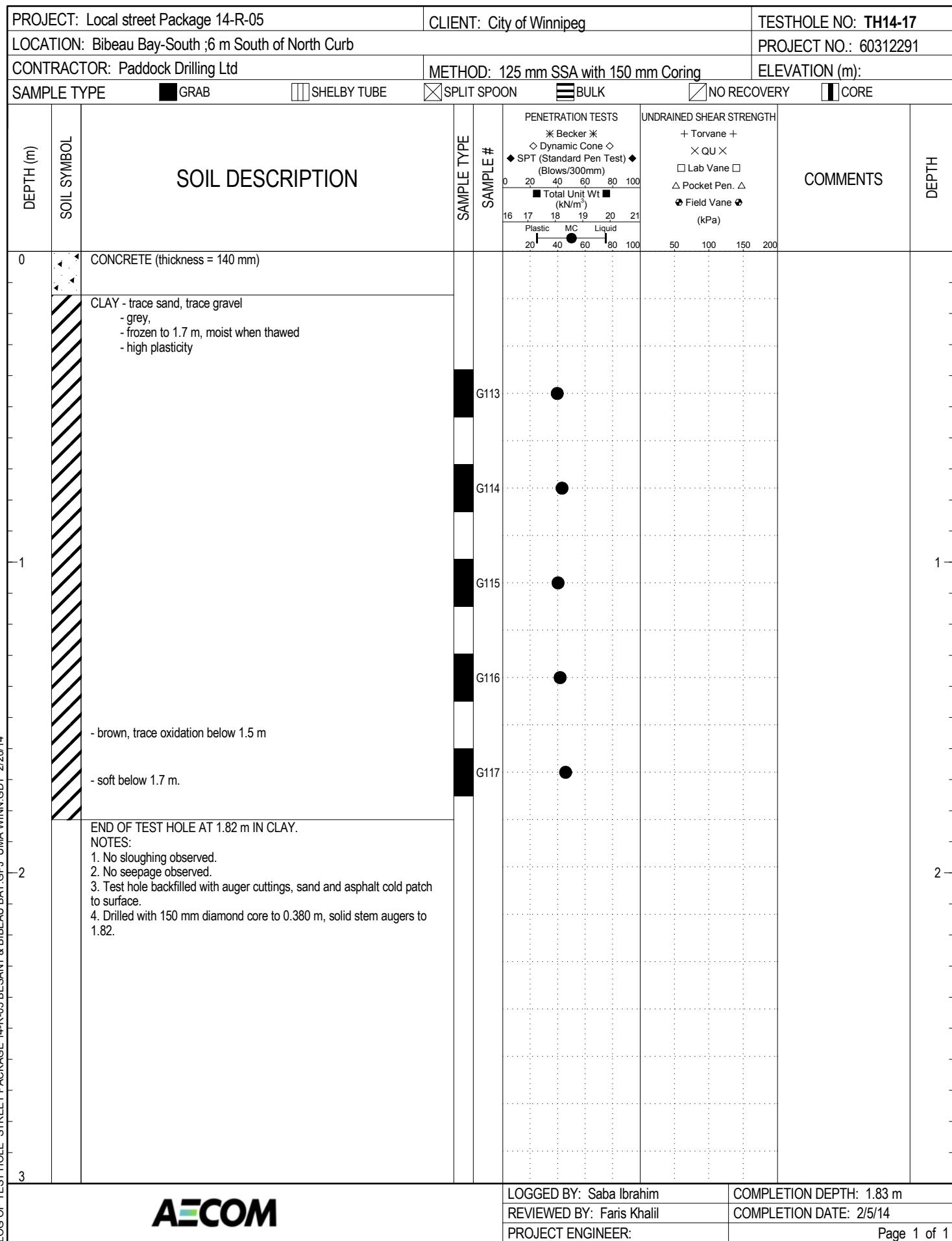


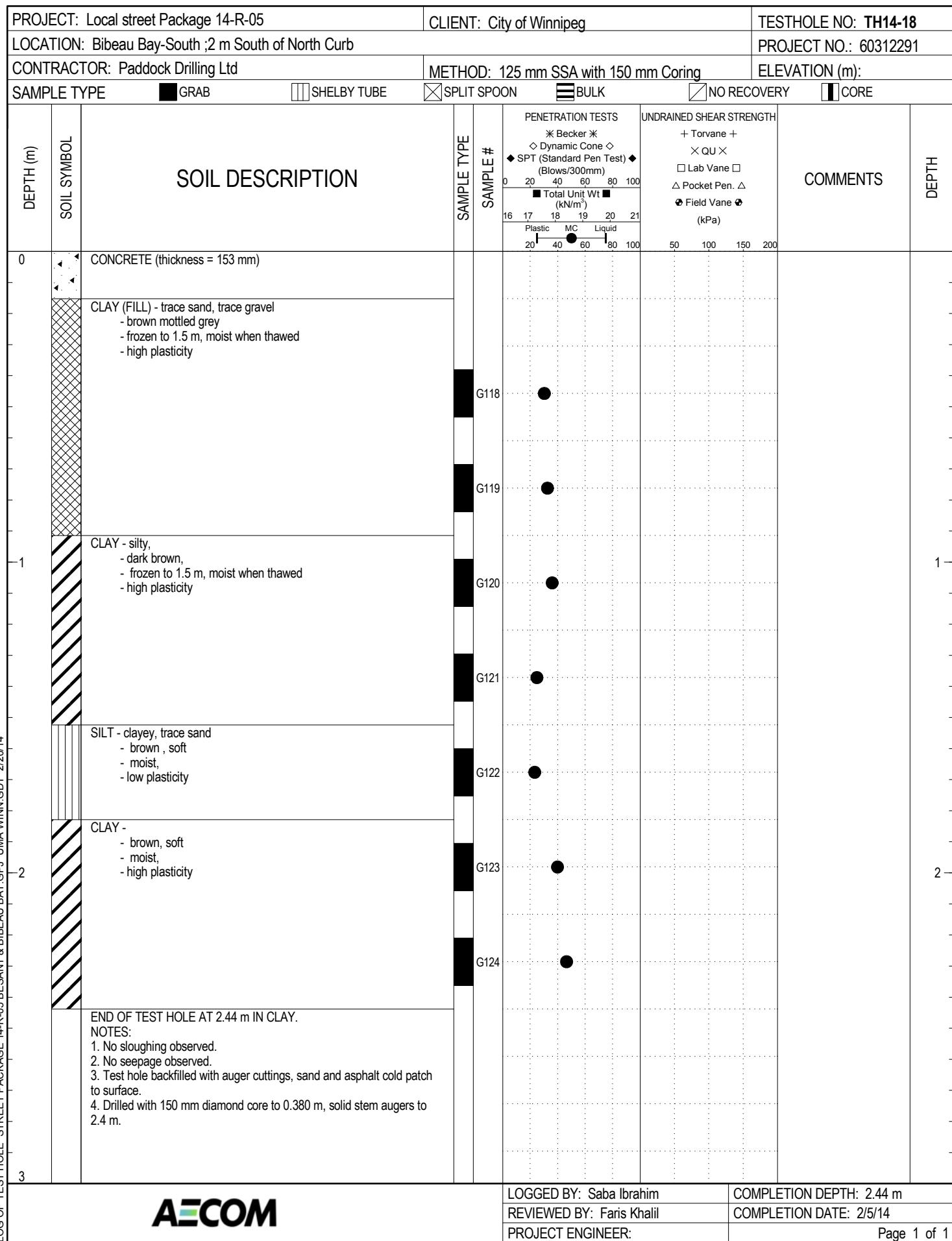












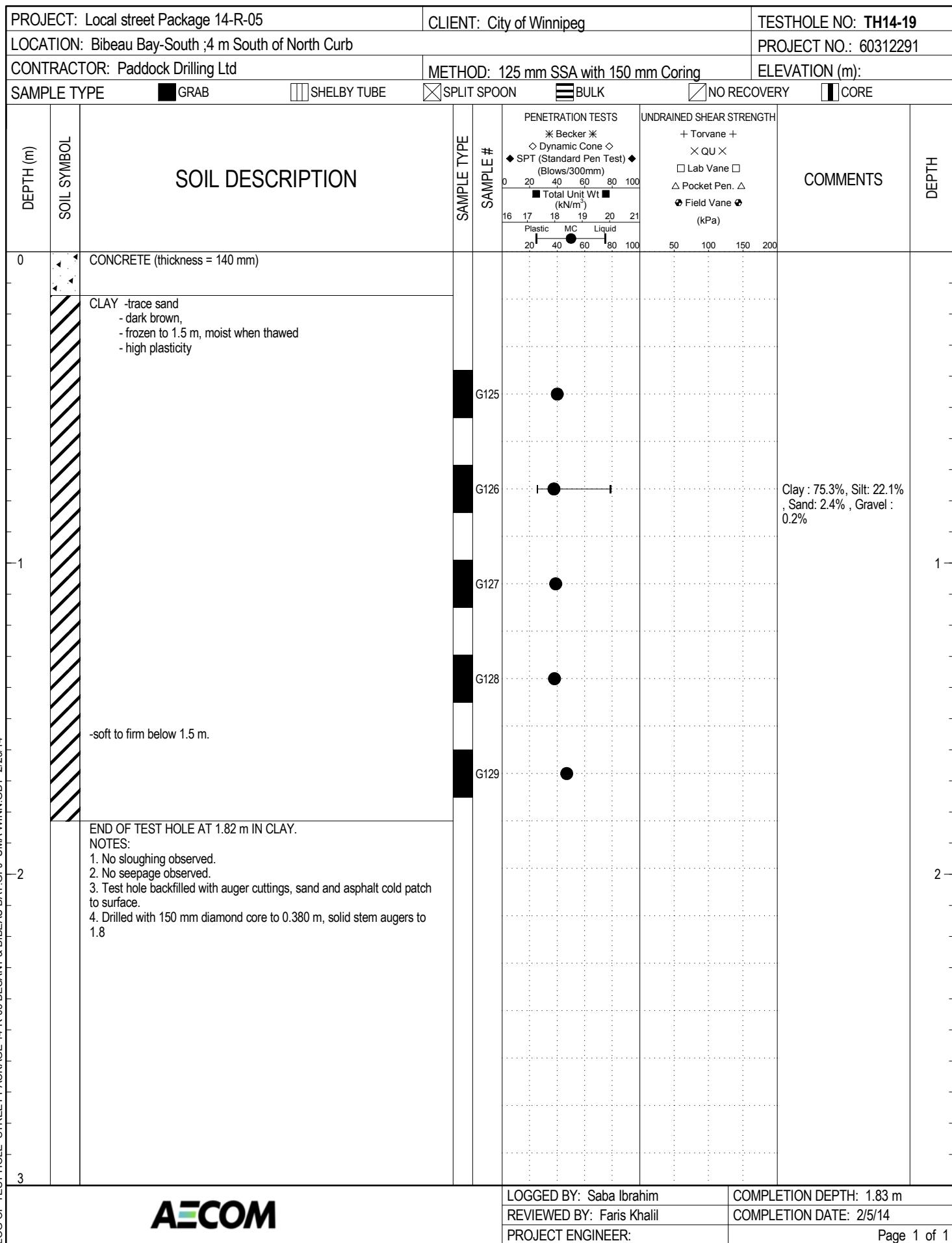


Table 02- Summary of Laboratory Soil Testing

Test Hole No.	Testhole Location	Pavement Surface		Pavement Structure Material		Subgrade Description	Sample Depth (m)	Moisture Content (%)	Hydrometer Analysis				Atterberg Limits				
		Type	Thickness (mm)	Type	Thickness (mm)				Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index		
TH14-06	Bibeau Bay-North ;5.5 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	n/a	None	n/a	Clay Fill	0.46	32.5									
						Silty Clay	0.76	31.5									
		Concrete	153			Silty Clay	1.06	32.4	0.1	2.4	32	65.5	72	27.9	44.1		
						Silty Clay	1.37	32.8									
						Silty Clay	1.67	42.2									
						Silty Clay	1.98	46.2									
						Silty Clay	2.28	49.5									
TH14-07	Bibeau Bay-North ;2.0 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	n/a	None	n/a	Clay	0.46	34.8									
						Clay	0.76	34.5									
		Concrete	140			Clay	1.06	34.0									
						Clay	1.37	34.7									
						Clay	1.67	42.3									
						Clay	1.98	48.3									
						Clay	2.28	49.0									
TH14-08	Bibeau Bay-North ;3.5 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	n/a	None	n/a	Clay	0.46	33.2									
						Clay	0.76	32.6	0.0	0.9	29.6	69.5	71.7	26.1	45.6		
		Concrete	153			Clay	1.06	36.1									
						Clay	1.37	28.1									
						Clay	1.67	32.2									
						Clay	1.98	29.4									
						Clayey Silt	2.28	25.3									
TH14-09	Bibeau Bay-North ;6 m South of Curb, 200 m East of Dussault Avenue)	Asphalt	n/a	None	n/a	Clay Fill	0.46	33.4									
						Clay	0.76	32.6									
		Concrete	153			Clay	1.06	34.9									
						Clay	1.37	34.5									
						Clay	1.67	31.5									
						Clay	1.98	31.7									
						Clay	2.28	26.4									
TH14-10	Bibeau Bay-North ;1.5 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	n/a	None	n/a	Clay	0.46	31.0									
						Clay	0.76	29.5	0.0	0.9	29.9	69.2	71.5	25.6	45.9		
		Concrete	146			Clay	1.06	34.2									
						Clay	1.37	30.4									
						Clay	1.67	31.4									
						Clayey Silt	1.98	25.3									
						Clayey Silt	2.28	23.0									

Test Hole No.	Testhole Location	Pavement Surface		Pavement Structure Material		Subgrade Description	Sample Depth (m)	Moisture Content (%)	Hydrometer Analysis				Atterberg Limits				
		Type	Thickness (mm)	Type	Thickness (mm)				Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index		
TH14-11	Bibeau Bay-North;4.5 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	n/a	None	n/a	Clay Fill	0.46	35.7									
						Clay Fill	0.76	36.4									
		Concrete	140			Clay	1.06	35.6									
						Clay	1.37	34.7									
						Silty Clay	1.67	27.8									
						Clayey Silt	1.98	25.1									
						Clay	2.28	43.6									
TH14-12	Bibeau Bay ;1.6 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	30	None	n/a	Clay	0.46	35.4									
						Clay	0.76	35.8	0.0	0.9	20.3	78.7	73	27.9	45.1		
		Concrete	165			Clay	1.06	33.7									
						Clayey Silt	1.37	23.9									
						Clay	1.67	38.3									
						Clay	1.98	43.7									
						Clay	2.28	30.2									
TH14-13	Bibeau Bay-South ;1.5 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	18	None	n/a	Silty Clay Fill	0.46	36.2									
						Clayey Silt	0.76	33.2									
		Concrete	170			Clay	1.06	42.2									
						Clay	1.37	41.5									
						Clay	1.67	46.0									
						Clay	1.98	48.6									
						Silt	2.28	36.6									
TH14-14	Bibeau Bay-South ;6 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	38	None	n/a	Silty Clay	0.46	33.8									
						Silty Clay	0.76	32.9									
		Concrete	128			Silty Clay	1.06	33.5	0.3	2.5	31.9	65.4	72.2	26.3	45.9		
						Silty Clay	1.37	32.9									
						Clay	1.67	44.1									
						Clay	1.98	42.3									
						Clay	2.28	46.8									
TH14-15	Bibeau Bay-South ;4 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	n/a	None	n/a	Clay Fill	0.46	30.2									
						Clay Fill	0.76	26.4									
		Concrete	160			Silty Clay	1.06	34.4									
						Silty Clay	1.37	30.3									
						Silty Clay	1.67	24.5									
						Clayey Silt	1.98	23.2									
						Clayey Silt	2.28	20.8									

Test Hole No.	Testhole Location	Pavement Surface		Pavement Structure Material		Subgrade Description	Sample Depth (m)	Moisture Content (%)	Hydrometer Analysis				Atterberg Limits				
		Type	Thickness (mm)	Type	Thickness (mm)				Gravel (%)	Sand (%)	Silt (%)	Clay (%)	Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index		
TH14-16	Bibeau Bay-South ;2 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	n/a	None	n/a	Clay	0.46	38.6									
						Clay	0.76	38.9									
						Clay	1.06	36.1	0.5	1.3	23.2	75	79.3	29.7	49.6		
		Concrete	140			Clay	1.37	36.4									
						Clay	1.67	38.0									
						Clay	1.98	42.3									
						Clay	2.28	43.9									
TH14-17	Bibeau Bay-South ;6 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	n/a	None	n/a	Clay	0.46	39.6									
						Clay	0.76	43.1									
		Concrete	165			Clay	1.06	40.2									
						Clay	1.37	41.7									
						Clay	1.67	45.7									
TH14-18	Bibeau Bay-South ;2 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	n/a	None	n/a	Clay Fill	0.46	30.2									
						Clay Fill	0.76	32.5									
		Concrete	153			Silty Clay	1.06	35.9									
						Silty Clay	1.37	24.8									
						Clayey Silt	1.67	23.2									
						Clay	1.98	39.8									
						Clay	2.28	46.4									
TH14-19	Bibeau Bay-South ;4 m South of North Curb	Asphalt	n/a	None	n/a	Clay	0.46	40.0									
						Clay	0.76	37.6	0.2	2.4	22.1	75.3	78.6	25.3	53.3		
		Concrete	140			Clay	1.06	38.9									
						Clay	1.37	38.0									
						Clay	1.67	46.9									